# Report on some little known butterflies from SE Tibet and NW Yunnan

(Lepidoptera: Lycaenidae, Nymphalidae et Hesperiidae) by Hao Huang & Zhen-Jun Wu received 13.II.2016

Abstract: Some little known butterflies are reported from Motuo, SE Tibet and Gongshan, NW Yunnan, with of genitalia illustrated, including *Spindasis lohita himalayanus* (Moore, 1884), *Celaenorrhinus badia* (Hewitson, 1877), *Ochlodes crataeis* (Leech, 1894), *Lethe sura* (Doubleday, 1849), *Mycalesis mestra mestra* Hewitson, 1862 and *Penthema lisarda lisarda* (Doubleday, 1845). *Coladenia motuoa* Huang & Li, 2006 stat. nov. (= *Coladenia uemurai motuoa* Huang & Li, 2006) is rediscovered on an additional of specimen and raised to full specific rank.

**Introduction**: The junior author managed to collect butterflies at Motuo, SE Tibet in August 2014, May 2015 and August 2015, and found some very little known species. The most interesting part of his collection is reported herein. The selected references cited under the taxa discussed below are restricted to the original descriptions, the reliable records for Chinese fauna and the works with diagnostic discussions or illustrations.

### Abbreviations:

CHH: Collection of Hao Huang. CWZJ: Collection of Zhen-Jun Wu.

HT: Holotype. TL: Type locality.

### Lycaenidae

## Spindasis lohita himalayanus (Moore, 1884) (figs. 1-2, 20)

Aphnaeus lohita himalayanus Moore, 1884, J. Asiatic Soc. Bengal, Pt. II 53(1): 26; TL: Nepal, India (Sikkim, Darjeeling). Aphnaeus lohita: Evans, 1915: 21, record from Lower Tsang Po (Motuo area).

Spindasis lohita himalayanus: Evans, 1925: 760, key to Indian taxa; Cantlie, 1963: 465, figs. 5-7 for & genitalia; Huang, 2001: 101, record from Chayu area, SE Tibet; Weidenhoffer & Bozano, 2007: 38-39, keys, 43, specimens from Khasi Hills, India and Sichuan.

Material: SE Tibet: 1 of (CWZJ), Linzhi Division, Motuo County, Beibeng, 850 m, 10.VIII.2014, Z.-J. Wu leg...

**Remarks**: This species was recorded by Evans (1915) from Motuo area, however was not encountered by the senior author (Huang, 2000).

### Hesperiidae

Coladenia motuoa Huang & Li, 2006 stat. nov. (figs. 3-4, 17-18)

Coladenia uemurai motuoa Huang & Li, 2006, Atalanta 37 (3/4): 322, figs. 1-2 for of genitalia, cpl. 12, fig. A for of HT; TL: Motuo, SE Tibet.

**Material**: SE Tibet: 1 ♂ (CWZJ), Linzhi Division, Motuo County, on path from Hanmi to Aniqiao, 1600 m, 10.VIII.2015, Z.-J. Wu leg.; 1 ♂ (HT, CHH), 1 ♀ (PT, CHH), Motuo, on path from Hanmi to Aniqiao, ca 1800 m, 10.VIII.2006, H. HUANG leg.

Remarks: The dissection of the newly collected of proves that the genital difference in length of dorsal process of the harpe, between *Coladenia motuoa* Huang & Li, 2006 stat. nov. and *Coladenia uemurai* Huang, 2003, is constant. In addition, the following genital differences are also noticed: 1) tegumen in lateral view is longer in *C. uemurai* Huang than in *C. motuoa* Huang & Li; 2) tip of uncus in lateral view is more robust and blunt in *C. motuoa* Huang & Li than in *C. uemurai* Huang; 3) base of the non-pigmented split between ampulla and harpe is remoter from distal margin of harpe in *C. motuoa* Huang & Li than in *C. uemurai* Huang; 4) aedoeagus in lateral view with ventral margin in opposite of carina aedoeagi more or less convex in *C. uemurai* Huang, but is concaved in *C. motuoa* Huang & Li; 5) coecum of aedoeagus more curved upwards in *C. uemurai* Huang than in *C. motuoa* Huang & Li.

The external difference between the two species seems to be confined to the shape of discocellular white spot of forewing, which is acutely pointed at inner posterior corner in *C. uemurai* Huang but is obtuse or rounded at this corner in *C. motuoa* Huang & Li.

Celaenorrhinus badia (Hewitson, 1877) (figs. 7-8, 19)

Pterygospidea badia Hewitson, 1877, Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) 20: 322; TL: Sikkim.

Celaenorrhinus badia: South, 1913: 611, uncertain record of a ♀ from Tulang, Mishimi Hills; Evans, 1949: 103, pl.17, fig. B6-24 for ♂ genitalia.

**Material**: SE Tibet: 1 ♂ (CWZJ), Linzhi Division, Motuo County, on path from Beibeng to Maniweng, 1100 m, 11.VIII.2014, Z.-J. Wu leg.

Remarks: The identification of the or from Tibet is based upon the examination of its genitalia, which shows no difference from the figure in Evans (1949). South (1913) recorded a prom Tulang, Mishimi hills (one of the disputed areas between China and India, currently under control of India) with a little doubt about his identification. This is the first reliable record of this species for the Chinese fauna.

## *Ochlodes crataeis* (LEECH, 1894) (figs. 5-6, 21)

Augiades crataeis Leech, 1894, Butterflies from China, Japan and Corea: 603, pl. 41, figs. 9, 11; TL: Omei, Sichuan. Ochlodes crataeis, Evans, 1949: 355, pl. 44, fig. K3-8; Tong, 1993: 73, figs. 722-724; Chiba & Tsukiyama, 1996: 8, pl. 2, figs. 18-20 for ♂♂ from Omei, Sichuan and Taungy, S. Shan States, Burma, pl. 3, fig. 7 for ♀ from Omei, pl. 4, fig. 18 for ♂ genitalia; Wang, Niu & Chen, 1998: 196, records from Henan, fig. 11-23 for ♂ genitalia, cpl. 86, figs. 7-10.

Material: NW Yunnan: 1 ♂ (CWZJ), Nujiang Prefecture, Gongshan County, Bingzhongluo, Nidadang, 31.VII.2015, Z.-J. Wu leg.. Sichuan: 3 ♂♂, 2 ♀ (CHH), Omeishan, VIII.2011 & 2012, H. Huang leg.; 1 ♂ (CHH), Ganzi Prefecture, Luding County, VII.2011, H. Huang leg.; 1 ♂ (CHH), Tianquan County, Erlangshan, VII.2011, H. Huang leg. Chongqing: 1 ♂ (CHH), Simianshan, VII.2010, J.-Y. Qiu leg.. Zhejiang: 2 ♂♂ (CHH), Lin'an, West Tianmushan, VII.2007, H. Huang leg.

**Remarks**: The  $\sigma$  collected by the junior author from Gongshan (figs. 5-6, 21) is the first record of this species from Yunnan Province of China. It is more similar to the  $2\sigma\sigma$  from Burma figured by Chiba & Tsukiyama (1996) in having the two cell spots of forewing more conjoined and the spot in space 2 of forewing wider than those of the specimens from Sichuan, Chongqing and Zhejiang.

### Nymphalidae

Lethe sura (DOUBLEDAY, 1849) (figs. 9-10, 22)

Zophoessa sura Doubleday 1849, Genera diurnal Lep.: 362, pl. 61, fig. 1, TL: Sylhet, India.

Lethe sura: Evans, 1915: 20, record from Lower Tsang Po (Motuo area); D'Abrera, 1985: 412, fig. for ♀ HT; Lang, 2014: 172, discussion on Chinese records, fig. 11 for ♂ genitalia taken from specimen from N Vietnam.

**Material**: SE Tibet: 1 ♂ (CWZJ), Linzhi Division, Motuo County, on path from Hanmi to Aniqiao, 1600 m, 19.V.2015, Z.-J. Wu leg.

**Remarks**: *Lethe sura* (Doubleday) was reported by Evans (1915) from the Lower Tsangpo (Motuo area) on a single  $\sigma$ , which represents the first record for Chinese fauna. It was not encountered by the senior author at Motuo area in summer (Huang, 2000), but  $1\sigma$  was found by the junior author in May, 2015. It seems to be restricted to SE Tibet and the border region of Yunnan, adjacent to Myanmar, Vietnam and Laos. Another  $\sigma$  was recently collected from Tengchong area, W Yunnan (Y.-K. Luo, pers. comm.). According to Lang (2014), Talbot's (1947) record of this species from W. China was a misidentification of *L. yuemingae* Lang, 2014; and Chou et al. (1994) figured specimens taken from D'Abrera (1985) where  $1\sigma$  is figured from Tibet, without naming the locality.

Lethe sura (Doubleday) was originally described on a single \$\varphi\$ from Sylhet, NE India; this \$\varphi\$ HT was figured in D'Abrera's (1985) book. The major taxonomic problem might be the possible confusion with the very similar \$L\$. dura (Marshall, 1882) in identification. According to Moore (1892: 291-293) and Evans (1923: 532-533), \$L\$. sura (Doubleday) is externally separable from \$L\$. dura (Marshall) by having the outer margin of \$\sigma\$ brand on forewing upperside zigzag, not flat as in the latter, and the dark antediscal band in spaces 4-6 on hindwing underside rather straight, not curved as in the latter. S.-Y. Lang (pers. comm.) noticed that \$L\$. sura (Doubleday) differs from \$L\$. dura (Marshall) also by having a small pale patch above vein 4 just inside of the dark discal band on hindwing underside pointed outwards along vein 4. In \$\sigma\$ genitalia, \$L\$. sura (Doubleday) is separable from \$L\$. dura (Marshall) by having distal half of uncus in lateral view rather triangular with a straight dorsal margin (fig. 22; Lang, 2014: 174, fig. 11). The \$\sigma\$ genitalia figured by De Lesse (1956: fig. 5), probably belongs to \$L\$. dura (Marshall), possessing a curved dorsal margin at distal half of uncus. D'Abrera (1985: 412) noted some ecological difference between the two species that \$L\$. sura (Doubleday) is not known to occur below 6000 feet. In Motuo area, SE Tibet, \$L\$. sura (Doubleday) is encountered in May and early June whilst \$L\$. dura (Marshall) is found in July and early August. Two \$\sigma\$ of \$L\$. dura (Marshall) collected by \$X\$.-D. Yang from Motuo were examined by the senior author.

### Mycalesis mestra Hewitson, 1862 (figs. 9-10, 22)

Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) **20**: 1862:79, pl. 1, fig. 2; TL: Assam; Evans, 1915: 20, record from Lower Tsang Po (Motuo); Evans, 1921: 361, key to species, pl. 3, figs. for ♂ genitalia; LEE, 1982: 139, record from Chayu, SE Tibet.

**Material**: SE Tibet: 1 ♂ (CWZJ), Linzhi Division, Motuo County, on path from Hanmi to Aniqiao, 1600 m, 19.V.2015, Z.-J. Wu leg.

**Remarks**: This species was not encountered by the senior author (Huang, 2000). One of collected by the junior author possesses a valva (fig. 23) similar to that of the specimen collected from Sikkim figured by Evans (1921: pl. 3).

### Penthema lisarda lisarda (Doubleday, 1845) (figs. 13-14, 24)

Diadema lisarda Doubleday, 1845, Genera diurnal Lep.: 233.

Penthema lisarda, Moore, 1899-1900: 151, pl. 333.

Penthema lisarda lisarda, Evans, 1924: 900, key to species and subspecies, pl. 21, fig.F.15.1 for d.

Penthema darlisa, Shizuya et al., 2005: 30, record from Kawlee, Kachin, Myanmar, 34, fig. for d. Misidentification.

Material: SE Tibet: 1 of (CWZJ), Linzhi Division, Motuo County, 200 m above Aniqiao, 1200 m, 19.V.2015, Z.-J. Wu leg.

Remarks: This is the first record of this subspecies for Chinese fauna.

#### References

Cantlie, K. (1963): Genitalia of the butterfly genus *Spindasis* wallengren. - J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc. **60** (2): 466-468, Bombay. Chiba, H. & H, Tsukiyama (1996): A review of the genus *Ochlodes* Scudder, 1872, with special reference to the Eurasian species. - Butterflies **14**: 3-16, Tokyo.

Chou, I. et al. (1994): Monographia Rhopalocerorum Sinensium. - Henan Scientific and Technological Publishing House, Zhengzhou. D'ABRERA, B. (1985): Butterflies of the Oriental Region 2. - Hill House Publishers, Melbourne.

D'ABRERA, B. (1990): Butterflies of the Holarctic Region 1. - Hill House Publishers, Melbourne.

De Lesse, H. (1956): Révision du genre Lethe (S.L.). - Ann. Soc. ent. Fr. 125: 75-94, Paris.

EVANS, W. H. (1915): A list of butterflies caught by Capt. F. M. BAILEY in S. E. Tibet during 1913. - J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc. 23 (3): 532-546, Bombay.

EVANS, W. H. (1921): A note on the species of the genus *Mycalesis* occurring within Indian limits. - J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc. 27: 354-362, Bombay.

EVANS, W. H. (1924): The identification of Indian butterflies, part 4. - J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc. 29: 890-907, Bombay.

EVANS, W. H. (1925): The identification of Indian butterflies, part 8. - J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc. 30: 756-776, Bombay.

Evans, W. H. (1949): A catalogue of the Hesperiidae from Europe, Asia and Australia in the British Museum (N.H.). - British Museum, London.

HEWITSON, W. C. (1877): Descriptions of twenty-three new species of Hesperidae from his own collection. - Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) 20: 319-328, London.

HUANG, H. (2000): A list of butterflies collected from Tibet during 1993-1996, with new descriptions, revisional notes and discussion on zoogeography-1, part.1. - Lambillionea 100 (1): 141-158, Brussels.

Huang, H. (2001): Report of H. Huang's 2000 Expedition to SE Tibet for Rhopalocera. - Neue Ent. Nach. **51**: 65-151, Marktleuthen. Huang, H. & L.-Z. Li (2006): A new subspecies of *Coladenia uemurai* Huang, 2003 from SE Tibet. - Atalanta **37** (3/4): 322-324, Würzburg.

Lang, S.-Y. (2014): A new species of Lethe Hübner, 1819 from W. China. - Atalanta 45 (1-4): 171-174, Würzburg.

LEE, C.-L. (1982): Lepidoptera: Rhopalocera (pp. 127-155), in HUANG, F.-S. Insect of Xizang 2. - Science Press, Beijing.

LEECH, J. H. (1892-1894): Butterflies from China, Japan and Corea. - London.

MOORE, F. (1884): Descriptions of some new Asiatic Diurnal Lepidoptera chiefly from specimens contained in the Indian Museum, Calcutta. - Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, Pt. II 53(1): 25-29, Calcutta.

MOORE, F. (1890-1892): Lepidoptera Indica 1. - Lovell Reeve & Co. Limited, London.

MOORE, F. (1899-1900): Lepidoptera Indica 4. - Lovell Reeve & Co. Limited, London.

SHIZUYA, H., WATANABE, Y., SAITO, M. & T. SOE (2005): Basic information on butterflies of Kachin state, Myanmar (Part 2). - Butterflies 39: 29-39, Tokyo.

SOUTH, R. (1913): A list of butterflies collected by Captain F. M. BAILEY in western China, south-eastern Tibet, and the Mishimi hills, 1911. - J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc. 22: 345-365, 598-615. Bombay.

Talbot, G. (1947): The Fauna of British India, Ceylon and Burma, Butterflies 2. - Taylor & Francis, Ltd., London.

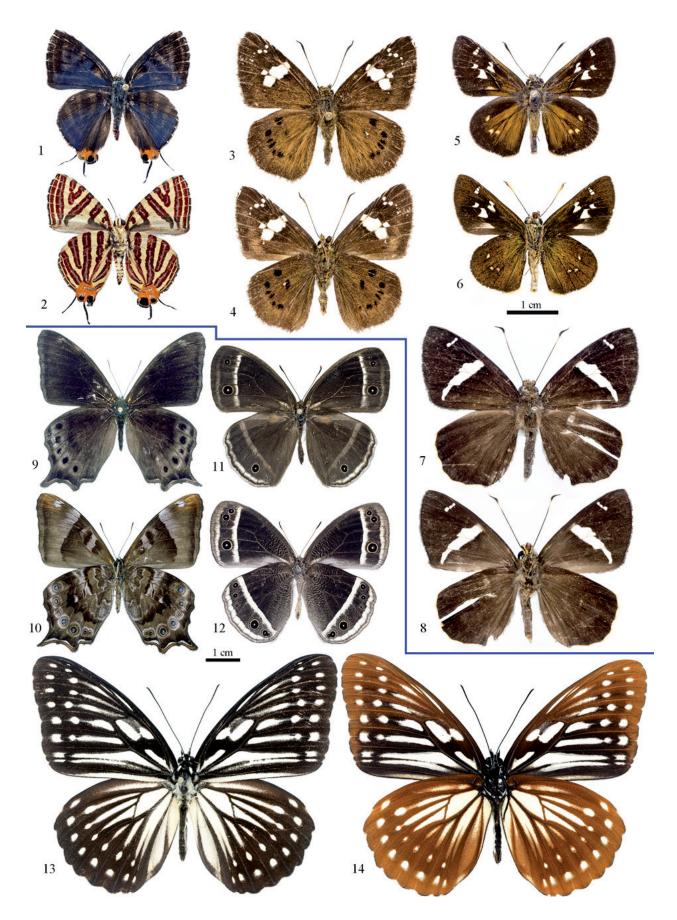
Wang, Z.-G., Niu, Y. & D.-H. Chen (1998): Insect fauna of Henan Lepidoptera: Butterflies [in Chinese]. - Henan Science & Technology, Zhengzhou.

Weidenhoffer, Z. & G. C. Bozano (2007): Guide to the butterflies of the Palearctic Region, Lycaenidae part 3. - Omnes Artes, Milano.

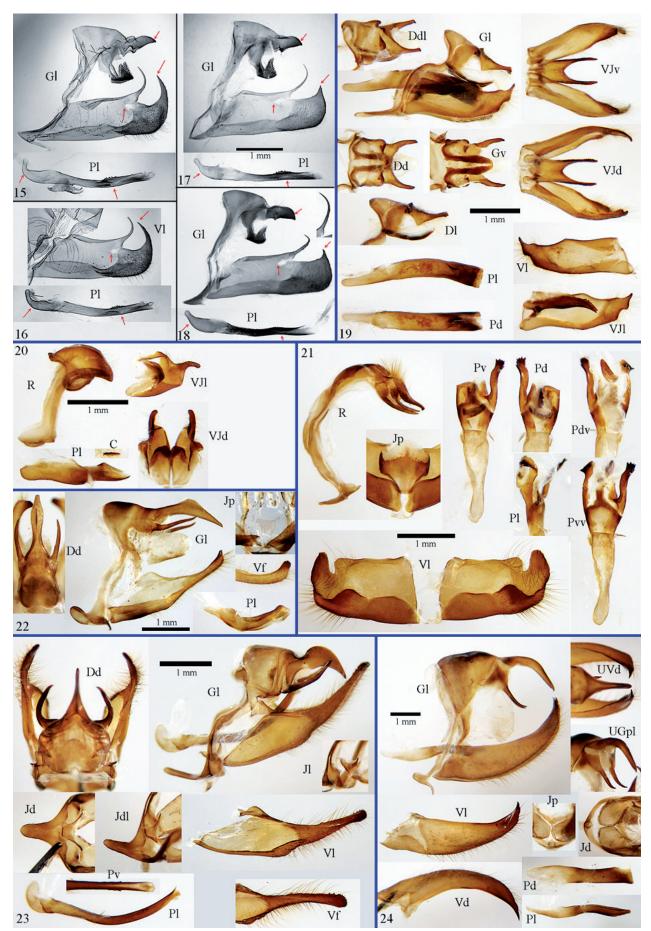
Addresses of the authors

HAO HUANG 503, East, #1 Dong-ting-hu Road Qingdao, P.R. China Email: cmdhhxx@hotmail.com

ZHEN-JUN WU
Fujian branch, China telecom limited,
7#, Dongjie Road, Gulou
Fuzhou, P.R. China
Email: 18906916587@189.cn



Figs. 1-14: Habitus under two scales (1-8 at the one scale, 9-14 at another scale). (1-2) Spindasis lohita himalayanus (Moore, 1884); (3-4) Coladenia motuoa Huang & Li, 2006; (5-6) Ochlodes crataeis (Leech, 1894); (7-8) Celaenor-rhinus badia (Hewitson, 1877); (9-10) Lethe sura (Doubleday, 1849); (11-12) Mycalesis mestra Hewitson, 1862; (13-14) Penthema lisarda lisarda (Doubleday, 1845).



Figs. 15-24:  $\sigma$  genitalia under different scales. (15-16) Coladenia uemurai uemurai Huang 2003, HT and pratype; (17-18) C. uemurai motuoa Huang & Li, 2006; (17) HT; (18) specimen shown in figs. 3-4; (19) Celaenorthimus badia (Hewitson, 1877), figs. 7-8; (20) Spindasis lohita himalayanus (Moore, 1884), figs. 1-2; (21) Ochlodes crataeis (Leech, 1894), figs. 5-6; (22) Lethe sura (Doubleday, 1849), figs. 9-10; (23) Mycalesis mestra Hewitson, 1862, figs. 11-12; (24) Penthema lisarda lisarda (Doubleday, 1845), figs. 13-14. C = cornutus; Dd = dorsum in dorsal view; Ddl = dorsum in dorsolateral view; Dl = dorsum in lateral view; Gl = genitalia in lateral view; Gv = gnathos in ventral view; Jd = juxta in dorsal view; Jdl = juxta in dorsolateral view; Jl = juxta in lateral view; Jp = juxta in posterior view; Pd = aedoeagus in dorsal view; Pdv = aedoeagus in dorsal view with vesica everted; Pl = aedoeagus in lateral view; Pv = aedoeagus in ventral view; Pv = aedoeagus in dorsal view; Pv = aedoeagus in dorsal view; Vd = valva in dorsal view; Vf = valva-tip in full face view; VJd = valvae plus juxta in dorsal view; VJv = valvae plus juxta in ventral view; VJv = valvae plus juxta